Ion Beam Lithography by Use of Highly Charged Ar Ion Beam

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Ion beam lithography (IBL) is a useful technique to fabricate nano-structures. In order to develop this technique furthermore, highly charged ion (HCI) beam was applied to this technique. Higher throughput and unique fabrication are expected caused by high activity of HCIs.

 Ar^{1+} and Ar^{9+} ion beams with E = 90 keV were prepared by a facility built at Kochi University of Technology [1], and irradiated onto spin-on-glass (SOG) through a stencil mask. The facility includes an ECR ion source (NANOGAN, 10 GHz), a beam transport and analysis system, and an irradiation system. The fluence of Ar ions was monitored during the beam irradiation. The irradiated SOG was etched by a solution of HF for one minite.

The step structure was successfuly fabricated on SOG by the chemical ethcing after the irradiation. The depth of the step structure using Ar^{9+} increasing linearly with the fluence of Ar ions and was greater than the depth obtained using Ar^{1+} ions as shown in Fig. 1. This result shows the effectviness of HCI beam for IBL.

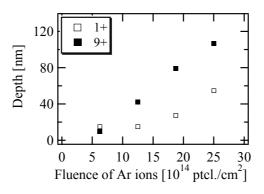


Fig. 1 The depth of the step structure as a function of the fluence of Ar ion

References

[1] S. Momota et al., Rev. Sci. Instrum. 75, 1497 (2004).